

## Day - 1

❖ નીચેના વાક્યો 10 - 10 વખત લખો.

- (1) I play **my** game (2) we play **our** games (3) you play **your** game (4) you play **your** games  
 (5) he plays **his** game (6) she plays **her** game (7) it plays **its** game (8) they play **their** game

❖ વાંચો અને સમજો .

- (I - my) (we - our) (you - your) (you - your) (he - his) (she - her) (it - its) (they - their)

❖ નીચેની ખાલી જગ્યા ( my,our,your,your.his,her,its,their ) વડે પુરો.

- (1) I call .....friend. (2) you call .....friend (3) he calls .....friend  
 (4) she calls ..... friend (5) we call ..... Friends (6) it calls .....friend  
 (7) they call .....friends (8) you call .....friends.

❖ નીચેના વાક્યો 5 - 5 વખત લખો.

- (1) I call a boy to my house (2) we call boys to our houses (3) you call a boy to your house  
 (4) you call boys to your houses (5) he calls a boy to his house (6) she calls a boy to her house  
 (7) it calls a boy to its house (8) they call boys to their houses.

❖ વાંચો અને સમજો .

- ઉપરના વાક્યો જુઓ તેમા ઘણી જગ્યાએ boy ની આગળ A લાગ્યો છે.જ્યા એકવચન છે ત્યા A લાગ્યો છે અને જ્યા (boys) બહુવચન છે ત્યા આર્ટીકલ A લાગ્યો નથી.

## Day - 2

❖ નીચેના વાક્યો ઉદાહરણ પ્રમાણે પુરા કરો

(1) I cover a book of my friend.	(1) I start a car on the road
(2) we.....	(2) we.....
(3) you .....	(3) you.....
(4) you.....	(4) you.....
(5) he .....	(5) he.....
(6) she .....	(6) she.....
(7) it .....	(7) it.....
(8) they.....	(8) they.....

❖ નીચેના ટેબલ પરથી 8 વાક્યો બનાવો.

I We You You He She It they	Climb on	a	Tree trees	In her garden In our gardens In your gardens In your garden In his garden In its garden In their garden In my garden
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ઉદાહરણ (example) : I climb on a tree in my garden.

આ રીતે we,you,you,he,she,it,they નો ઉપયોગ કરીને વાક્યો બનાવો

❖ નીચેના ક્રિયાપદોનો ઉપયોગ કરીને ઉદાહરણ પ્રમાણે બધા સર્વનામોના વાક્યો બનાવો.

- (1) play (2) cook (3) fight (4) catch (5) fall ( ક્રિયાપદોનો અર્થ શોધવા માટે ડીક્ષનરી નો ઉપયોગ કરો)

ઉદાહરણ (example) : I play with a boy in my ground.

We play with boys in our grounds.  
 You play with a boy in yours ground.  
 You play with boys in yours grounds.  
 He plays with a boy in his ground.  
 She plays with a boy in her ground.  
 It plays with a boy in its ground.  
 They play with boys in their grounds.

Day - 3

❖ નીચેના ક્રિયાપદોનો ઉપયોગ કરીને બધા સર્વનામોના વાક્યો બનાવો.

(1) call (2) break (3) shout (4) dance (5) hide (ક્રિયાપદોનો અર્થ શોધવા માટે ડીક્ષનરી નો ઉપયોગ કરો)

❖ નીચેના ટેબલમા to be ના રૂપો ( am , is , are ) કોની સાથે લાગે છે ને જુઓ. અને તે પ્રમાણે નીચેના વાક્યો ઉદાહરણ પ્રમાણે બનાવો.

i	Am
we	Are
you	Are
you	Are
he	is
she	Is
it	Is
they	are

Example : I am playing in my school

We are playing in our schools

You are playing in your school

You are playing in your schools

He is playing in his school

She is playing in her school

It is playing in its school

They are playing in their school

❖ હવે ઉપર મુજબ વાક્યો બનાવો..

I am meeting a friend in my house.

We.....

You.....

You.....

He.....

She.....

It .....

They .....

આજ રીતે નીચેના વાક્યોને બધાજ સર્વનામ નો ઉપયોગ કરીને વાક્યો બનાવો.

(1) I am talking to my friend in the class.

(2) I am meeting my teacher in the class.

(3) I am playing cricket with my friend.

(4) I am bringing a car in the shop.

(5) I am riding a bicycle on the road.

❖ નીચેના ક્રિયાપદોમા ing લગાડીને વાક્યો બનાવો.

Example :

call - I am calling a friend in my house.

We are calling friends in our houses

You are.....

You.....

He.....

She.....

It.....

They.....

(1) play (2) fight (3) sing (4) speak (5) wonder

## Day - 4

- ❖ નીચેના વાક્યો 10 -10 વખત લખો.

I have met a friend in my school.  
 We have met friends in our schools.  
 You have met a friend in your school.  
 You have met friends in your schools.  
 He has met a friend in his school.  
 She has met a friend in her school.  
 It has met a friend in its school.  
 They have met friends in their schools.

- ❖ વાંચો અને સમજો.

ઉપરના વાક્યોમા have અને has લગાડવામા આવેલ છે.અને meet નુ ભુતકાળનુ રુપ met લગાડવામા આવેલુ છે.અને i,we,you,you,they સાથે have લગાડવામા આવેલ છે.અને he,she,it સાથે has લગાડવામા આવેલ છે.જે ખાસ યાદ રાખવુ.

- ❖ નીચેના વાક્યોમા ઉદાહરણ પ્રમાણે ખાલી જગ્યા પુરો.

Example : I have helped my friend in the school.  
 (2) we .....helped .....friends in the schools.  
 (3) you .....helped.....friend in the school.  
 (4) you .....helped.....friends in the schools.  
 (5) he .....helped .....friend in the school.  
 (6) she .....helped .....friend in the school.  
 (7) it.....helped .....friend in the school.  
 (8) they.....helped .....friends in the schools.

- ❖ નીચેના ક્રિયાપદોનો ઉપયોગ કરીને ઉદાહરણ પ્રમાણે વાક્યો બનાવો.

(1) pleased (2) bought (3) played (4) carried (5) wrote (અર્થ શોધવા માટે ડીક્ષનરીનો ઉપયોગ કરો.)

Example : pleased

I have pleased a friend in my class.  
 We have pleased friends in our classes  
 You have pleased a friend in your class.  
 You have pleased friends in your classes  
 He has pleased a friend in his class  
 She has pleased a friend in her class.  
 It has pleased a friend in its class.  
 They have pleased friends in their classes.

## Day - 5

- ❖ નીચેના વાક્યો 5 - 5 વખત લખો.

I have been playing in my house.  
 We have been playing in our houses  
 You have been playing in your house.  
 You have been playing in your houses.  
 He has been playing in his house.  
 She has been playing in her house.  
 It has been playing in its house.  
 They have been playing in their houses.

❖ વાંચો અને સમજો.

ઉપરના વાક્યોમા have been નો ઉપયોગ કરવાથી ક્રિયાપદ play મા ing લાગી ગયું છે.

અને he,she,it, મા has been લાગેલું છે.

❖ નીચેના ક્રિયાપદો નો ઉપયોગ કરીને ઉદાહરણ પ્રમાણે વાક્યો બનાવો.

(1) read (2) talk (3) walk (4) buy (5) drive (6) go

Example : read

I have been reading a book in my room

We have been reading books in our rooms.

You have been reading a book in your room.

You have been reading books in your rooms.

He has been reading a book in his room.

She has been reading a book in her room.

It has been reading a book in its room.

They have been reading books in their rooms.

Day - 6

❖ પુનરાવર્તન : નીચેના ક્રિયાપદોનો ઉપયોગ કરીને ઉદાહરણ પ્રમાણે વાક્યો બનાવો.

(1) teach (2) go (3) read (4) talk

Example - teach

I teach a boy of my school.

We teach boys of our schools.

You teach a boy in your school.

You teach boys of your schools

He teaches a boy in his school.

She teaches a boy in her school.

It teaches a boy in its school.

They teach boys in their schools.

I am teaching a boy of my school.

We.....

You.....

You.....

He.....

She.....

It.....

They.....

I have taught a boy of my school

We.....

You.....

You.....

He.....

She.....

It.....

They.....

I have been teaching a boy of my school

We.....

You.....

You.....

He.....

She.....

It.....

They.....

આજ રીતે બીજા ઉપરના ક્રિયાપદોનો ઉપયોગ કરીને વાક્યો બનાવો.

### Day -7

❖ નીચેના વાક્યો 5 - 5 વખત લખો.

I do not help my friend in class.

We do not help our friends in classes.

You do not help your friend in class.

You do not help your friends in classes.

He does not help his friend in class.

She does not help her friend in class.

It does not help its friend in class.

They does not help their friends in classes.

➤ વાંચો અને સમજો.

( I - do not , we - do not , you - do not , he - does not , she - does not , it - does not , they - do not)

I , we , you , they ની પાછળ do not લગાડવામા લગાડવામા આવેલ છે જ્યારે he , she , it પાછળ does not છે. જે ખાસ ધ્યાનમા રાખવું.

❖ નીચેના ક્રિયાપદોના ઉદાહરણ પ્રમાણે વાક્યો બનાવો.

(1) meet (2) walk (3) play (4) talk

Example : meet

I **do not** meet my friend

We **do not** meet our friends.

You **do not** meet your friend.

You **do not** meet your friends.

He **does not** meet his friend.

She **does not** meet her friend.

It **does not** meet its friend.

They **do not** meet their friends.

➤ વાંચો અને સમજો.

I meet my friend.( હું મારા મિત્રને મળું છું) I do not meet my friend ( હું મારા મિત્રને મળતો નથી)

ચાલુ વર્તમાનકાળના વાક્યોને નકાર બનાવવા માટે સર્વનામ પછી do કે does નો ઉપયોગ થાય છે.

## Day - 8

- ❖ નીચેના વાક્યો 5 - 5 વખત લખો.

I am not calling my friend in my class.  
 We are not calling our friends in our classes.  
 You are not calling your friend in your class.  
 You are not calling your friends in your classes.  
 He is not calling his friend in his class.  
 She is not calling her friend in her class.  
 It is not calling its friend in its class.  
 They are not calling their friends in their classes.

- નીચેના ક્રિયાપદોનો ઉપયોગ કરીને ઉદાહરણ પ્રમાણે વાક્યો બનાવો.

(1) buy (2) walk (3) teach (4) fight

Example : buy

I am not buying mobile in shop.  
 We are not buying mobiles in shop.  
 You are not buying mobile in shop.  
 You are not buying mobile in shop.  
 He is not buying mobile in shop.  
 She is not buying mobile in shop.  
 It is not buying mobile in shop.  
 They are not buying mobiles in shop.

- ❖ નીચેના વાક્યો 5-5 વખત લખો

I have not shouted to my friend .  
 We have not shouted to our friends.  
 You have not shouted to your friend  
 You have not shouted to your friends.  
 He has not shouted to his friend.  
 She has not shouted to her friend.  
 It has not shouted to its friend.  
 They have not shouted to their friends.

- નીચેના ક્રિયાપદોનો ઉપયોગ કરીને ઉદાહરણ પ્રમાણે વાક્યો બનાવો.

(1) fight (2) eat (3) talk (4) like

Example : fight

- ❖ I have not fight to my friend .  
 We have not fight to our friends.  
 You have not fight to your friend  
 You have not fight to your friends.  
 He has not fight to his friend.  
 She has not fight to her friend.  
 It has not fight to its friend.  
 They have not fight to their friends.

## Day - 9

- ❖ નીચેના વાક્યો 5-5 વખત લખો.

I have not been shouting to my friend.  
 We have not been shouting to our friends.  
 You have not been shouting to your friend.  
 You have not been shouting to your friends.  
 He has not been shouting to his friend.  
 she has not been shouting to her friend  
 it has not been shouting to its friend.  
 They have been not shouting to their friends.

- ઉપરના વાક્યોમા have not been અને has not been નો ઉપયોગ કરવામા આવ્યો છે.આવી રીતે નીચેના ક્રિયાપદો નો ઉપયોગ કરીને ઉપર મુજબ વાક્યો બનાવો.

(1) run (2) talk (3) walk (4) fight

❖ નીચેના વાક્યો 5 -5 વખત લખો.

do I play in my house?  
Do we play in our houses?  
Do you play in your house?  
Do you play in your houses?  
Does he play in his house?  
Does she play in her house?  
Does it play in its house?  
Do they play in their houses?

➤ વાંચો અને સમજો.

ઉપરના વાક્યોમા I play in my house એ સાદુ વાક્ય છે. પણ I ની આગળ do લગાડવાથી તે પ્રશ્નાર્થ વાક્ય બની ગયું. ચાલુ વર્તમાન કાળ ના વાક્યની આગળ do કે does લગાડવાથી તે પ્રશ્નાર્થ વાક્ય બની જાય છે. હવે નીચેના વાક્યો ને do અને does લગાડીને પ્રશ્નાર્થ બનાવો.

(1) I eat mango on a tree  
(2) I go to walk with my brother.  
(3) I buy new bicycle.  
(4) I talk with my teacher.

Example : I eat mango on a tree.

Do I eat mango on a tree?  
Do we eat mangoes on trees?  
Do you eat mango on a tree?  
Do you eat mangoes on trees?  
Does he eat mango on a tree?  
Does she eat mango on a tree?  
Does it eat mango on a tree?  
Do they eat mangos on trees?

ઉદાહરણ મુજબ બીજા વાક્યોને પ્રશ્નાર્થ બનાવો.

day - 10

નીચેનું વાક્ય વાચો.

I am talking to my friend ( હું મારા મિત્ર સાથે વાત કરી રહ્યો છું.) આ એક ચાલુ વર્તમાન નું વાક્ય છે. હવે તેને પ્રશ્નાર્થ બનાવવા સર્વનામ ની આગળ am , is , are ને લઈ લ્યો.

નીચેના વાક્યો 5 -5 વખત લખો.

**Am** I talking to my friend?  
**Are** we talking to our friends?  
**Are** you talking to your friend?  
**Are** you talking to your friends?  
**Is** he talking to his friend?  
**Is** she talking to her friend?  
**Is** it talking to its friend?  
**Are** they talking to their friends?

હવે નીચેના વાક્યોના ઉપર મુજબ પ્રશ્નાર્થ બનાવો.

(1) I am calling to my brother.  
(2) I am speaking with my father.  
(3) I am fighting with my sister.

Day - 11

❖ હવે નીચેનું વાક્ય જુઓ.

**I have helped my friend in the class.**

હવે આ વાક્યને પ્રશ્નાર્થ બનાવવા માટે have ને આગળ મુકી દયો.

**have I helped my friend in the class?**

Have we helped our friend in the class?  
 Have you helped your friend in the class?  
 Have you helped your friends in the class?  
 Has he helped his friend in the class?  
 Has she helped her friend in the class?  
 Has it helped its friend in the class?  
 Has they helped their friends in the class?

❖ હવે નીચેના વાક્યો ને ઉપર મુજબ પ્રશ્નાર્થ બનાવો.

(1) I have talked with my teacher.  
 (2) I have eaten an apple in the house.  
 (3) I have played cricket in the ground.

❖ હવે નીચેનું વાક્ય જુઓ.

I have been playing cricket in ground.

❖ હવે આ વાક્યને પ્રશ્નાર્થ બનાવવા માટે have ને આગળ મુકી દયો.

Have I been playing cricket in ground?  
 have we been playing cricket in ground?  
 have you been playing cricket in ground?  
 have you been playing cricket in ground?  
 has he been playing cricket in ground?  
 has she been playing cricket in ground?  
 has it been playing cricket in ground?  
 have they been playing cricket in ground?

❖ હવે નીચેના વાક્યો ને ઉપર મુજબ પ્રશ્નાર્થ બનાવો.

(1) I have talking with my teacher.  
 (2) I have eating an apple in the house.  
 (3) I have playing cricket in the ground.

## Day - 12

❖ નીચેના વાક્યો ને નકારવાક્ય અને પ્રશ્નાર્થવાક્ય બનાવો.

Example :

(1) I play football in my ground.  
 (2) I am talking with my friend in class.  
 (3) I have eaten apple in my house.  
 (4) I have been meeting my teacher in my class.  
 (5) I have came to my house  
 (6) I have been playing cricket to my ground.  
 (7) I talk with my friend in my class.  
 (8) I have mate a friend in school.  
 (9) I have been teaching student in class.  
 (10) I am walking to my farm.  
 (11) I come to my school.  
 (12) I have sold my old bicycle.  
 (13) I have been visiting my brother in house.  
 (14) i climb on a tree in garden.  
 (15) I have been eating banana at my farm.